UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/565,709	01/24/2006	Saied Abedi	FUJL 22.280 (100794-01012	2992	
	7590		EXAMINER		
575 MADISON	575 MADISON AVENUE ZEWDU, MELESS NMN				
NEW YORK, N	NY 10022-2585		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 2617		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			12/16/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/565,709	ABEDI, SAIED			
Οπίζε Αςτίοι	n Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Meless N. Zewdu	2617			
The MAILING DAT Period for Reply	E of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addre	ss		
WHICHEVER IS LONGE - Extensions of time may be availar after SIX (6) MONTHS from the result. - If NO period for reply is specified. - Failure to reply within the set or expected.	R, FROM THE MAILING D, the under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 mailing date of this communication. above, the maximum statutory period vextended period for reply will, by statute later than three months after the mailing	Y IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE g date of this communication, even if timely filed	J. nely filed the mailing date of this commod (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) Responsive to com	ımunication(s) filed on <u>10 Ju</u>	ılv 2009.				
2a) This action is FINA	` '	action is non-final.				
3) Since this applicati	on is in condition for allowa	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the me	erits is		
closed in accordan	ce with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims						
4a) Of the above classified 5) ☑ Claim(s) <u>34 and 35</u> 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-5,8,9,16</u>	nd 35 is/are pending in the a aim(s) is/are withdrav is/are allowed. 5,19,20,26-28 and 30-32 is/a 2, 13-15, 17, 18, 21-25 and	wn from consideration. are rejected.				
8) Claim(s) are	subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is	objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) The drawing(s) filed	10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
		drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See				
<u> </u>		ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj		, ,		
11)∐ The oath or declara	tion is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-	152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19					
a) All b) Some 1. Certified cop 2. Certified cop 3. Copies of the application from	* c) None of: ies of the priority document ies of the priority document e certified copies of the prior rom the International Burear	s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive	on No ed in this National Sta	ge		
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (F		4) Interview Summary				
Notice of Draftsperson's Pate Information Disclosure Staten Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

Application/Control Number: 10/565,709 Page 2

Art Unit: 2617

DETAILED ACTION

Response to AP.PRE.REQ.

- 1. This action is in response to the communication filed on 7/10/09.
- 2. Claim 33 has been canceled.
- 3. Claims 1-32 and 34-35 are pending in this action.
- 4. Finality of Action, issued on 1/13/09, has been withdrawn and a new prosecution has been opened on the case.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-5, 8-11, 21, 22, 26-28 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over applicant's admitted prior art (APA) in views of Parkvall et al. (Parvall) (US 2002/0080719 A1).

As per claim 1: while "transmitting data packets" and "the data packets being for onward transmission to a plurality of destination user equipments" in the preamble is considered as an intended use (for it does not enhance the body of the claim), the APA discloses amended) – routing of data from a source UE to a destination UE via a base

Application/Control Number: 10/565,709

Art Unit: 2617

station.(see page 1, lines 20-30), including known techniques of up-link scheduling (see page 2, lines 15-28). But, the APA does not explicitly teach about --- determining a measure of a downlink quality of service and scheduling uplink transmission in dependence on the measure of the downlink quality o service. However, in the same field of endeavor, Parkvall teaches about scheduling transmission of data over a transmission channel based on signal quality of a receiver channel, wherein --- a base station (having a scheduler and a detector) determines a signal quality of the downlink channel; and the scheduler then schedules transmission of data over the downlink channel based on the determined signal quality of both the up-link and downlink radio channels (see paragraphs 0025, 0050; claim 16). Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teaching of the APA with that of Parkvall for the benefit of providing a reliable and efficient data delivery in a communications system (see paragraph 0001).

Page 3

As per claim 31: most of the features of claim 31 are similar to the features of claim 1, except --- a transmission format to be used user by a user equipment and a transmitting unit which transmits to the user equipment an indication of a transmission format to be used by the user equipment, which is taught by the APA (see paragraph 0008).

Therefore, claim 31 is rejected on the same ground and motivation as claim 1.

As per claim 2: Parkvall teaches about a method, wherein the measure of the downlink quality of service is determined at the base station (see paragraph 0025).

As per claim 4: the APA teaches about a method, wherein the base station transmits to a user equipment an indication of a transmission format to be used by the user equipment (see paragraph 0008).

As per claim 5: Parkvall teaches about a method, wherein the base station determines a measure of a quality of service for each of the plurality of destination user equipments (see paragraph 0025; claim 16). When the references are combined as shown in the rejection of claim 1 above, the APA will become capable of measuring a quality of service for its plural destination user equipments.

As per claim 8: Parkvall teaches about a method, wherein a plurality of different measures of a quality of service are determined for each of the plurality of destination user equipments (see paragraphs 0025 and 0026). Note: bit error rate and SINR, which are provided as examples.

As per claim 16: the APA teaches about a method, wherein the uplink transmissions are using rate scheduling (see page 2, lines 4-8).

As per claim 19: Parkvall teaches about a method, wherein a rate of uplink transmission is varied by adjusting a modulation and coding scheme level (see paragraph 0047).

As per claim 26: Parkvall teaches about a method, wherein the base station operates a scheduling mechanism for downlink transmissions (see paragraph 0025).

As per claim 27: Parkvall teaches about a method, wherein the base station transmits the data packets directly to the plurality of destination user equipments (see fig. 5; abstract).

As per claim 28: Parkvall teaches about a method, wherein the base station transmits the data packets to the plurality of destination user equipments via a network (see abstract; fig. 5).

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the references applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Cannon et al. (Cannon) (US 2002/0094778 A1).

As per claim 3: but, the references applied to claim 1 do not explicitly teach about a method, wherein the base station transmits an indication of the downlink quality of service to user equipment. However, in the same field of endeavor, Cannon teaches about connection quality indicator, wherein the connection quality provides a user with information relating to a quality of a connection (see abstract; paragraph 0025). Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify the above references with the teaching of Cannon for the obvious benefit of informing a user terminal the quality of service it can receive.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the references applied to claim 1 above and further in view of Zhang et al. (Zhang) (US 2003/0166406 A1).

As per claim 9: but, the references applied to claim 1 above do not explicitly teach about a method, wherein at least one of the following measures of a quality of packet delivery from the base station to a destination user equipment is determined:

- (a) throughput ratio
- (b) ratio of satisfied packets

Application/Control Number: 10/565,709

Art Unit: 2617

(c) base station buffer occupancy. However, in the same field of endeavor, Zhang teaches about a method of implementing state transitions for high speed data transmission in wireless access networks, wherein a state scheduler used parameters including buffer occupancy (see paragraph 0063). Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify the teaching of the above references with the teaching of Zhang for the benefit of performing a priority ranking of the users (see paragraph 0064).

Page 6

Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the references applied to claim 1 above and further in view of Sjoberg et al. (Sjoberg) (US 7,403,892 B2).

As per claim 20: the references applied to claim 1 above do not explicitly tech about a method, wherein a rate of uplink transmission is varied by adjusting intervals at which the uplink transmissions take place. However, in the same field of endeavor, Sjoberg teaches about adaptive multi-rate (AMR), wherein both uplink and downlink channel quality is monitored based on dynamic coding and modulation (see col. 6, lines 55-61). Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify the above references with the teaching of Sjoberg for the advantage of improving link adoption and thus quality of transmission (see col. 1, lines 14-20).

Claims 30 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the references applied to claim 1 above and further in view of Nam et al. (Nam) (US 2003/0103514 A1).

As per claim 31: most of the features of claim 30 are similar to the features of claim 1 and are rejected on the same ground and motivation therewith. But, the references applied to claim do not explicitly teach about -- a transmitting unit which transmits a credit value to a source user equipment. However, in the same field of endeavor, Nam teaches about scheduling using credits wherein when packets arrive, their schedule information is stored in a token queue in a sequential manner based on the available credit and an arrival sequence (see paragraph 0018). Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the APA in view or Parkvall with that of Nam for the advantage of scheduling packets using credits (see paragraph 0002).

As per claim 32: the features of claim 32 are similar to the features of claim 30. Hence, claim 32 is rejected on the same ground and motivation as claim 30.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 34 and 35 are allowed.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the prior art of record does not teach or fairly suggest scheduling an uplink transmission based on the destination's quality of service and a credit value, wherein

Art Unit: 2617

the quality of service and the credit are produced by a base station and transmitted to a user equipment for scheduling the uplink transmission, as recited in claims 34 and 35.

Claims 6, 7, 10-12, 13-15, 17, 18, 21-25 and 29 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. Note: the indication of allowable subject matter regarding claims 7, 11, 12, 14, 15, 24 and 25 is because of the respective dependency on claims 6, 10 13 and 23.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-32 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Meless N. Zewdu whose telephone number is (571) 272-7873. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am to 5:00 pm..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bost Dwayne D can be reached on (571) 272-7023. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/565,709 Page 9

Art Unit: 2617

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Any inquiry of a general nature relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-2600.

/Meless N Zewdu/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2617

12/16/2009